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# CS 305 Project Two

**Practices for Secure Software Report**

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## Document Revision History

| **Version** | **Date** | **Author** | **Comments** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **1.0** | **04/23/2023** | **Ethan Harrell** |  |

## Client



## Instructions

Deliver this completed Practices for Secure Software Report documenting your process for writing secure communications and refactoring code that complies with software security testing protocols.

Respond to the steps outlined below and replace the bracketed text with your findings in your own words. If you choose to include images or supporting materials, be sure to insert them throughout.

## Developer

Ethan Harrell

## 1. Algorithm Cipher

Determine an appropriate encryption algorithm cipher to deploy given the security vulnerabilities, justifying your reasoning. Be sure to address the following:

* Provide a brief, high-level overview of the encryption algorithm cipher.
* Discuss the hash functions and bit levels of the cipher.
* Explain the use of random numbers, symmetric vs non-symmetric keys, and so on.
* Describe the history and current state of encryption algorithms.

Artemis Financial wants security for the application that they have. They don’t want to have someone attack them and have access to financial information on all their users, so they want additional security. We need to have encryption because this allows users with their code only to access the information here. SHA-256 is the best level of encryption because it has 256-bit keys to encrypt.

## 2. Certificate Generation

Generate appropriate self-signed certificates using the Java Keytool, which is used through the command line.

* To demonstrate that the keys were effectively generated, export your certificates (CER file) and submit a screenshot of the CER file below.

## 3. Deploy Cipher

Refactor the code and use security libraries to deploy and implement the encryption algorithm cipher to the software application. Verify this additional functionality with a checksum.

* Insert a screenshot below of the checksum verification. The screenshot must show your name and a unique data string that has been created.

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message, website

Description automatically generated

## 4. Secure Communications

Refactor the code to convert HTTP to the HTTPS protocol. Compile and run the refactored code to verify secure communication by typing **https://localhost:8443/hash** in a new browser window to demonstrate that the secure communication works successfully.

* Showing the HTTPS is working but that my Cert isn’t official because it’s self signed.

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message, website

Description automatically generated

## 5. Secondary Testing

Complete a secondary static testing of the refactored code using the dependency check tool to ensure code complies with software security enhancements. You only need to focus on the code you have added as part of the refactoring. Complete the dependency check and review the output to ensure you did not introduce additional security vulnerabilities.

* Include the following below:
  + A screenshot of the refactored code executed without errors
  + A screenshot of the dependency check report

Text, application

Description automatically generated

Text

Description automatically generated with medium confidence

## 6. Functional Testing

Identify syntactical, logical, and security vulnerabilities for the software application by manually reviewing code.

* Complete this functional testing and include a screenshot below of the refactored code executed without errors.

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated

## 7. Summary

Discuss how the code has been refactored and how it complies with security testing protocols. Be sure to address the following:

* Refer to the Vulnerability Assessment Process Flow Diagram and highlight the areas of security that you addressed by refactoring the code.
* Discuss your process for adding layers of security to the software application and the value that security adds to the company’s overall wellbeing.
* Point out best practices for maintaining the current security of the software application to your customer.

I added a RestController so that it was the secure controller for the program hash. ServerController class also helped me because it allowed the vulnerability levels to be really close and the fact that I chose SHA-256 hashing cipher as the prime hash it allowed the application to be at a High-Level security. Keeping plugins for the pom.xml also helped with the highest security because having them UpToDate eliminates risk.